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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Numeiri cuts gas price rises after widespread riots

KHARTOUM, Aug. 14 (Agencies) — President Jaafar Numeiri accused Communists of instigating riots which hit Sudan last week, and ordered a cut in the recently increased price of petrol.

In a nation-wide radio and television speech, Numeiri said

hardship in the country with the help of a nearby atheist state," Numeiri said.

In his speech, Numeiri, pledged major changes in the government and the only authorized party in an apparent attempt to contain growing unrest in the country.

Numeiri said he lowered the prices of gasoline from three to two dollars a gallon and ordered a reduction in government consumption by forbidding use of government motor vehicles after office hours.

Numeiri also said he himself would hold the office of Secretary General of the Sudanese Socialist Union (SSU) and that Defense Minister Geo. Ahed Magid Hamid Khalil was appointed first vice president. Both would be holding the posts in addition to their portfolios as president and defense minister.

The two posts were vacated Sunday by the firing of Abu Gasim Muhammad Ibrahim, who until Suday was Numeiri's right-hand man since he came to power two years ago and was one of five revolutionary officers from the original ten who are still in the government.

He said the Communists were trying to exploit what he termed a "temporary hardship" in Sudan with the assistance of Marxist Ethiopia.

The Sudanese president tries to raise hopes among his people by assuring them that oil discovery in Sudan "has become a reality" and that development schemes will materialize shortly.

He called on them to bear with him a little longer and said "the present is better than the past and the future is promising."

Chronic oil shortages have plagued the nation since last fall. Gasoline rationing was imposed in the energy-short country, which imports nearly all of its energy supplies.

Rift with Morocco widens

Algeria, Mauritania reestablish ties

ALGIERS, Aug. 14 (Agencies) — Algeria and Mauritania reestablish diplomatic ties Tuesday amid continuing North African upheaval over the future of the disputed Western Sahara.

Mauritania severed relations with Algeria in March 1976 when Algiers recognized the right of the former Spanish Sahara to independence, and began giving massive support to Polisario guerrillas.

The resumption of ties dramatized Mauritania's rift with Morocco, its former ally in fighting the guerrillas, and its apparent shift toward Algeria. It is too early to tell, though whether Mauritania's military regime is switching toward the Algerian camp.

The turmoil began earlier this month when the Mauritanian gov-



PROTEST: Members of a leftist Iranian organization stage a sit-in outside their headquarters Monday to prevent it from being attacked by rightist militants. The building was later evacuated, and Tuesday the government banned all demonstrations in Tehran.

Tehran bans marches as violence continues

TEHRAN, Aug. 14 (R) — Iran banned all demonstrations Tuesday as street violence flared in the capital for the third day running.

State radio interrupted its programs to announce the ban and said Islamic revolutionary guards had been ordered to stop marches by all peaceful means possible.

The ban came as groups of hard-line rightists stoned several thousand leftists marching down Teheran's main Mossadegh Avenue.

Revolutionary guards fired volleys of automatic fire into the air, apparently to keep the two sides apart. They also fired tear gas grenades toward the left-wing marchers.

At least three people were carried away injured.

Violence first flared Sunday over the issue of press freedom but has turned into a generalized battle between the two sides.

Heavily-armed Revolutionary Guards put sandbag barricades around the abandoned headquarters of the Fedayeen leftist guerrilla group in central Teheran, apparently to prevent any leftist march on the building.

They also trained a machine gun on one of the capital's main avenues nearby. The Fedayeen building was stormed and captured by rightist militants Monday.

Heavy shooting broke out throughout central Teheran at dusk Monday as revolutionary guards shot long volleys of automatic rifle fire into the air to prevent clashes between rival groups.

Several people, including a young, unveiled woman pointed out as a leftist by the rightist crowd, were injured in scuffles Monday. But the number of casualties did not approach Sunday's riot toll of several hundred injured in running battles.

Speaking at a news conference in Paris, the minister Ibrahim Hakim accused Morocco of having "a bellicose attitude," leaving the Saharans "no choice but to fight in self-defense against an illegal military occupation."

Morocco promptly moved its troops into strategic areas of the Sahara vacated by Mauritania, and allowed a Mauritanian exile movement to announce its establishment in Rabat.

This movement proclaimed its opposition to Mauritania's "capitulation" to the guerrillas.

It announced its existence in the midst of an official visit by the Mauritanian premier aimed at soothing the Moroccans, and this only inflamed relations between the two countries.

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Huge Abha hospital will be begun soon, Asir governor says

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Aug. 14 — Prince Khaled Al-Faisal, governor of the Asir, says that public tenders will be invited soon for a SR500 million hospital in Abha, and work will begin on its construction within six months.

The project is being financed by the Philanthropic Society of the Southern Province. Patients will be charged a nominal sum, but those unable to afford that will be able to have charges waived by the society.

As the money charged patients will not cover the hospital's expenses, the society will put money into other enterprises to provide the hospital with an income.

Interviewed by *Arab News* the prince said that the hospital will take some three years to build. It will be able to handle up to 30 emergency cases at any one time.

Built on 17,845 square meters, the hospital will have 144 beds for pathology, surgery and gynaecology, 12 beds for intensive care for heart patients, 24 beds for obstetrics.

There will be 50 adjacent motel-style villas, half for convalescent patients and half to accommodate people coming from other areas to be near relatives being treated.

The hospital will be manned by 600 personnel, including 70 doctors and managers, 200 technicians and nurses, 150 maintenance workers and other attendants, and 180 clerks.

There will be a separate compound for staff housing.

Prince Khaled said that while planning the hospital possible future expansion was allowed for.

The hospital will also have a gift shop and cafeteria in a separate area.

There will also be a health and cultural training course for the staff and cultural programs for the patients.

A 65 seat conference room, another smaller one, and several other rooms for meetings and discussions, are also planned.



ics and 20 beds for children. It will also have 30 incubators for premature babies.

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Prince Khaled Al-Faisal
Joins Jeddah group

Islamic bank established

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Aug. 14 — The Jordanian Islamic Bank will commence operations on Sept. 1 in Amman, the first of a batch of new Sharia banks which are expected to open their doors this year.

With a paid-up capital of one million Jordanian dinars, the bank is among five new Islamic banks expected this year. The others are in Kuwait, Egypt, Iran and Bahrain. Together with Islamic banks already operating in Egypt, Sudan and Dubai, they will form the Jeddah-based Union of Islamic Banks, whose president, Prince Muhammad Al-Faisal, founded the Faisal Islamic Banks in Cairo and Khartoum.

In common with the other banks, the Jordan Islamic Bank will provide all the usual banking and financing services but will substitute a form of profit-sharing for the bankers' usual interest charges. This is because of the Koranic prohibition against usury, which is understood to include interest. "They who return to

usury will be given over to the fire..." the Holy Koran says.

An interesting feature of the new bank is a cooperation agreement with Jeddah's Islamic Development Bank (IDB), which has a subscribed capital over \$1 billion.

Muslim coordination

Azzam made ambassador

LONDON, Aug. 14 (R) — Saudi diplomat Salem Azzam, secretary general of the London-based Islamic Council of Europe, has been promoted to the rank of ambassador in the Saudi Foreign Service, the council announced Tuesday.

Among other activities the council helps to coordinate moves in Europe to further joint policies decided by Islamic conferences.

Azzam is also secretary general of the Islamic Secretariat for the Liberation of Muslim lands.

Tuesday, *Al-Bilad* reported that foreign ministers of 41 Islamic countries will meet in New

Buildings in Mecca area must follow Islamic style

TAIF, Aug. 14 — Deputy Governor of Mecca Prince Saad ibn Abdul Mohsen has instructed the mayors of Mecca, Taif and Jeddah to adhere to local styles in new buildings all over the Kingdom.

Contracts to build elementary, intermediate and secondary schools in Jeddah, Mecca and Taif will be awarded shortly.

Those who wish to build should follow the rules of Islamic architecture. Buildings in residential areas should be of one color.

Every new building should also have an underground garage. Building licenses already issued for underground parking should be checked out to make sure the parking has been built.

In Taif, the public library, built at a cost of SR20 million, has been handed over to the Ministry of Education.

It has seven main halls which take about 10,000 books.

Western Region General Director for Education Dr. Abdullah Muhammad Al-Zaid said that the public library in Jeddah has been supplied with all according to government plans to develop public libraries to help all those who seek knowledge.

The two secondary level vocational training schools in Taif and Jeddah are almost complete, he added. They are part of a program of the Education Ministry to build voca-

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YORK, Oct. 8, to coordinate their stands during the U.N. General Assembly session's discussions on the Palestinian problem.

The ministers will also discuss the amendment of the charter of the organization to extend the mandate of the secretary general to give him a better chance to cope with the affairs before him, and election of a new secretary general.

The paper said that the man who will take over from Dr. Amadou Karim Gaye of Senegal is most likely to be an Asian, as the organization has already had an Asian, an Arab and an African in charge.

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CYP in LGA

U.S. holds up transfer of 4 warships to Turkey

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 (R) — The United States navy has held up the transfer of four warships to Turkey at the request of a member of the House of Representatives Armed Services Committee, the congressman concerned said.

Les Aspin, a Wisconsin Democrat, said he had asked for independent postponement of the leasing of three destroyers and a salvage ship because of slow progress on Cyprus peace talks and Turkish delays on an exchange of prisoners in U.S. and Turkish jails.

Any member of the services committee can hold up the transfer of U.S. warships to another country, he said.

The congressman noted that a

constituent of his, Kathryn Zenz of Lancaster, Wisconsin, has been in a Turkish jail since December, 1972 on drug charge. She is one of five Americans being held.

"If the Turkish government intends to sit forever in the (prisoner) treaty, I can sit forever on the ship transfers," Aspin said.

Aspin said the Turkish government delayed signing the prisoner exchange treaty for five months after its contentions in January.

Iraqi envoy visits Morocco

RABAT, Aug. 14 (R) — Abdul-Fattah Muhammad Amin, a member of Iraq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council, has arrived here with a message for King Hassan from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. In an arrival statement he said he would report to the Moroccan king about the latest developments in Iraq.

U.N. aide assigned to Lebanon

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 14 (R) — Iqbal Akhund, Pakistan's ambassador to France, has been asked to undertake a United Nations assignment in Lebanon as co-ordinator for reconstruction and development, informed sources said Monday night.

They said the Pakistan government appeared likely to release Akhund for the job, and that, if so, he would join the U.N. staff in October.

Akhund, his country's chief U.N. delegate before his transfer to Paris last year, is expected to visit New York before attending the Havana conference of non-aligned states next month.

The idea of appointing a co-ordinator for Lebanon was put forward in a General Assembly resolution last year. Since then Waldheim has been seeking someone with the requisite qualifications for the job.

Akhund, one of Pakistan's most experienced diplomats, is a former president of the U.N. Economic and Social Council and former chairman of the Group of 77 developing countries.

U.N. officials revive stalled talks on Cyprus

NICOSIA, Aug. 14 (R) — Two United Nations officials are trying to get the stalled intercommunal talks on Cyprus going again, the Cyprus News Agency (CNA) has reported.

U.N. special representative Galidion Pohl and his deputy Remy Gorje Monday met Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash and Tuesday saw Cyprus Foreign Minister Nicos Rnlantis and Greek Cypriot negotiator George Inamides, CNA added.

The talks were broken off on June 22 after only four sessions in a week.

Eleven days ago the Cyprus government formally rejected a Turkish Cypriot proposal to resume the discussions aimed at solving long-standing problems between the Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot communities.

Carter lauds Oman as strong U.S. ally

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 (R) — Sadek Jawad Sulaiman, the new ambassador of the Sultanate of Oman in the United States, has presented his credentials to President Carter.

In a White House ceremony, Carter praised Oman as a strong ally of the United States.

The United States is "well aware of the courageous and bold position which the Sultanate of Oman has taken" in support of American peace efforts in the Middle East, Carter told the new ambassador.

"It is my firm determination to proceed along the path which has been defined by the Camp David accords."

The president pointed out that Oman is located in a region in which the United States has cru-

cial interests." President Carter said he appreciated the support Oman is giving America's role in the region and expressed hope that mutual cooperation would help maintain conditions so that nations in the region can pursue policies "which will benefit their peoples without outside interference."

In his remarks in presenting his letter of credence, Ambassador Sulaiman told President Carter: "in the Middle East, specifically, my government has followed with interest and appreciation United States endeavors, and your own personal endeavors, Mr. President, to bring about a just and lasting solution... we shall continue to support all such steps as are conducive to a just and lasting settlement."

Poll shows Begin losing

TEL AVIV, Aug. 14 (R) — Prime Minister Menahem Begin's coalition would lose to the party it swept from power two years ago if elections were held now, according to an opinion poll published Tuesday.

The poll, taken by the Modi'in Ezrahi (civil intelligence) agency for the English-language newspaper *Jerusalem Post*, showed that Begin's Likud coalition would win 35 of the 120 seats in the Knesset (parliament) and the Labor Party opposition would win 48.

The five-party Likud coalition, which now holds 43 seats to the Labor Party's 32, took power in 1977 after 29 years of Labor rule. Despite its success in achieving the Camp David peace treaty, Begin's government has lost support because inflation expected to reach 100 per cent this year.

Omani diplomat dies in Cairo

CAIRO, Aug. 14 (R) — An Omani diplomat died after an accidental fall from a balcony at his home Monday, the Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported. Hamid Alem, a first secretary at the Omani embassy, fell as he tried to jump from one balcony to another to try to reach a room in which his son was locked.

Former police chief killed

ISTANBUL, Aug. 14 (R) — A former Istanbul police chief was killed when gunmen opened fire as he left home, police said Tuesday.

A passer-by was seriously injured in the hail of bullets.

The dead man was Zeki Sahin, head of the city's police throughout the 1950s and into the early 1960s until he retired.

Jordan raises lending rate

AMMAN, Aug. 14 (R) — The Central Bank of Jordan has raised the country's minimum bank lending rate by 0.5 per cent to eight per cent in an effort to restrict lending and curb inflation, central bank sources said Tuesday.

The sources said the Central Bank told banks in a circular last week that by the end of the year they have to adjust all outstanding loans to the new higher rate.

The previous maximum interest rate of nine per cent remained unchanged, the sources added.

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Datsun Milestones / 7

1973: Nissan's Tochigi Test Course, Biggest in Japan, Completed



Nissan's Tochigi Test Course is unique. The largest of its kind in Japan, it includes a circuit that extends for 6.5 kilometers.

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Cuba prepares for conference of nonaligned group with pomp

HAVANA, Aug. 14 (AP) — Summit fever is gripping Cuba as the country prepares to host what may turn into the largest assembly of heads of state ever to come together at one time.

With less than a month to go before the start of the sixth nonaligned summit conference, Havana is plastered with posters heralding the event, and slabbing at the movement's major targets: imperialism, apartheid, Zionism, racial discrimination and foreign military bases.

The 92-nation non-aligned movement brings together countries which claim to take no sides in the East-West struggle. It includes such pro-Soviet nations as Cuba and Ethiopia, as well as such pro-Western nations as

Nigeria and Singapore.

Cuban officials still aren't saying who is coming to the meeting and who isn't but privately they express hope for a record-breaking turnout. The figure most frequently mentioned is an expected attendance of 50 to 60 chiefs of state.

The largest previous number of heads of state at a nonaligned summit meeting was 53, in Algiers six years ago.

Cuban newspapers and magazines are devoting heavy coverage to the conference preparations, and the city has been given a general clean-up in anticipation. Major thoroughfares and intersection have been freshly landscaped, and Havana's only Mosque has been given a facelift.

Binisa preaches unity

Uganda bans opposition

LONDON, Aug. 14 (R) — Uganda President Godfrey Binaisa has announced that the ruling National Liberation Front (UNLF) had banned political opposition in the country.

Uganda Radio reported that the president said this was to avoid confusion. All political parties could operate within the broad democratic politics of the UNLF, the president said, according to the radio, monitored in London.

Binaisa was speaking at the opening of the first UNLF national seminar near Kampala.

No political activity would be allowed in opposition to the front and the government would not hesitate to ban any political organization that threatened national unity, Radio Uganda reported the president as saying.

"We must have a political leadership that is committed to unity, democracy, the defense of our freedom and the social advancement of the people of this country," Binaisa said.

He said the alternative was a return to dictatorship.

The UNLF government gave the country new hope, Binaisa said, and for the tasks ahead Uganda needed an honest, patriotic and democratic leadership.

The UNLF was well aware that many political parties had sprung up since the ouster of former

Nobel chemistry laureate Ernst Chain dies at 73

LONDON, Aug. 14 (R) — Professor Ernst Chain, a German-born biochemist who shared a Nobel Prize in 1945 for his work in isolating penicillin, died Sunday in the Irish Republic, the University of London announced Monday.

He was 73, and had been retired from the university six years.

Chain, who came to Britain in 1933 and became a naturalized citizen in 1939, did much of his research in extracting penicillin from common green molds at Oxford University with Australian-born Sir Howard Florey.

They continued earlier research by Sir Alexander Fleming, and the three were awarded the Nobel Prize for physiology and medicine.

The penicillin they isolated was credited with saving thousands of allied soldiers' lives during World War II.

After he left Oxford, Chain became in 1949 director of microbiological and biochemical research at an institute in Rome. He stayed until 1963 when he came to the university of London's Imperial College of Science and Technology.

He was educated to Berlin at Luisengymnasium and at Friedrich Wilhelm University, where he took his Ph. D in chemistry in 1930.

He left Germany for Britain in 1933, shortly after Hitler came to power.



REMINDER: 'You are leaving the American sector' says the signpost in the foreground. Other letters on the Berlin Wall recall the date, Aug. 13, 1961, when it was erected to divide the city permanently. Since then more than 60 people have lost their lives trying to flee Communist East Berlin.

He braved bullets, piracy, hunger to escape Vietnam

SINGAPORE, Aug. 14 (AP) — Phan Van Lan survived Vietnamese bullets, pirates, mechanical failures, treachery, thirst and hunger in a 31-day escape odyssey from his homeland.

"Why take all the risks?" said Phan. "I don't see a future for me or my family in Saigon."

Phan, a 55-year-old attorney, says he has been unemployed since 1975. He left his wife and nine children behind, hoping that some day they can join him in the United States.

Phan told a reporter about his escape Monday.

He was one of 34 Vietnamese — 14 children, 14 men and six women all relatives and friends — who slipped down the river from the village of Camau April 17. In the dark, their 12-meter boat was fired on three times, Phan said.

"We were fortunate that the gunfire did not hit us because the soldiers could not see us in the dark but were only able to hear the

engine of our boat churning," he said.

The next evening, as the boat moved southwest to round the tip of Vietnam, it was intercepted by about 30 Thai-speaking pirates.

They collected five wrist watches, some jewelry and about \$100.

"Everything was over in 15 minutes," Phan said. "They did not look like fishermen, but were armed with knives and steel rods. We offered no resistance."

Four hours after the robbery, the refugees' engine broke down, and they switched to a smaller engine which puffed along at about six kilometers per hour.

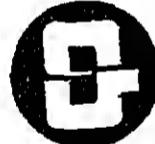
Their white flag attracted some Thai fishermen, who took the refugees aboard, gave them food and medicine, and took their boat in tow, but just when the lights of the Malaysian shore were visible April 20, Phan said, the generous fishermen turned greedy and robbed them.

Han denounced Vietnam's five point program to oppose hegemonism, advanced at the seventh meeting, as a trick. He devoted most of his speech to a rebuttal of the Vietnamese plan which he said inferred that China's policies were territorial expansion, aggression and interference in relations between states.

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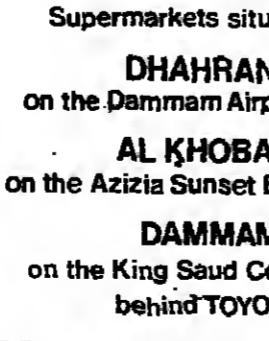
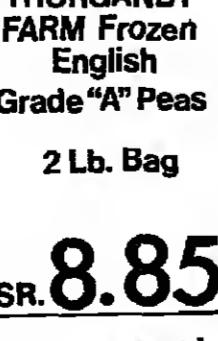
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Tenth peace session stalemated

Peking, Hanoi trade accusations

PEKING, Aug. 14 (AP) — "People with a discerning eye will know at once that it was playing a new trick and did not at all discuss the principles of not seeking hegemony and opposing hegemony, but deliberately confused right and wrong in order to create confusion, camouflage its hegemonist actions and place new obstacles in the way of the negotiations," Han said.

The Chinese delegate, Vice Foreign Minister Han Nianlong said the talks "have made no progress and remained stagnant until this date."

Later the Vietnamese representative, Vice Foreign Minister Dinh Nho Lien, told reporters and diplomats he had been told by the Chinese there would be an 11th meeting in Peking.

Dinh charged that provocations by the Chinese continue along the border where the two Communist neighbors were engaged in a brief but bitter conflict in February.

He said the Chinese now have 30 divisions along the border, a total of 300,000 men, with three divisions opposite the Vietnamese city of Lang Son around which some of the heaviest fighting took place.

China's official xinhua news agency meanwhile, accused Vietnam Tuesday of "firing frequently" across the China-Vietnam border since early August, "killing and wounding many Chinese border inhabitants."

Xinhua, monitored in Tokyo, claimed that Vietnamese firing had killed or wounded eight Chinese, and killed one mule.

Both sides went over old ground in Tuesday's meeting in Peking, arguing over which was guilty of expansionist dreams.

each side accused the other of establishing "fifth columns" in other countries and interfering in the internal affairs of others.

Dinh recalled that Chinese leaders have on three occasions in recent weeks promised to "teach Vietnam another lesson."

He also revived charges about China's support of the Pol Pot regime in Cambodia, the right-wing government of Chile and the anti-Socialist underground in Angola.

Han denounced Vietnam's five point program to oppose hegemonism, advanced at the seventh meeting, as a trick. He devoted most of his speech to a rebuttal of the Vietnamese plan which he said inferred that China's policies were territorial expansion, aggression and interference in relations between states.

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Cadle, Renner lead delayed Connecticut golf

WETHERSFIELD, Connecticut, Aug. 14 (AP) — George Cadle and Jack Renner moved into the lead of the rain-delayed Sammy Davis Jr. Greater Hartford Open Monday.

Both fired 66s to move to 12-under-par 201 after 54 holes of the tournament. Par is 71 at the 6,534-yard Wethersfield Country Club course.

Second-round leader J.C. Snead recorded an even-par round to remain at 11-under. He is tied with Jerry McGee, who had a 67 Monday at 202.

At 203 are Jim Dent and Joe Inman, while three other golfers are at nine-under-par 204.

Cadle has had an up-and-down tournament. Still looking for his first tour victory, he shot a course record 62 and was the first round leader. He soared to a 73 in the 25-hour, rain-delayed second round.

The third and fourth round were postponed Sunday and the wet course forced tour officials to choose between ending the tourney Monday after 54 holes or extending it until Tuesday. They decided on the latter, making it the first time since the 1967 Westchester Classic that a PGA event has gone into Tuesday play.

Renner, a 23-year-old Californian, sank a 20-foot putt on the

18th hole to join Cadle in the lead. He had shared the lead earlier in the day with Soesd. He sank four putts of 20 feet or more in the round.

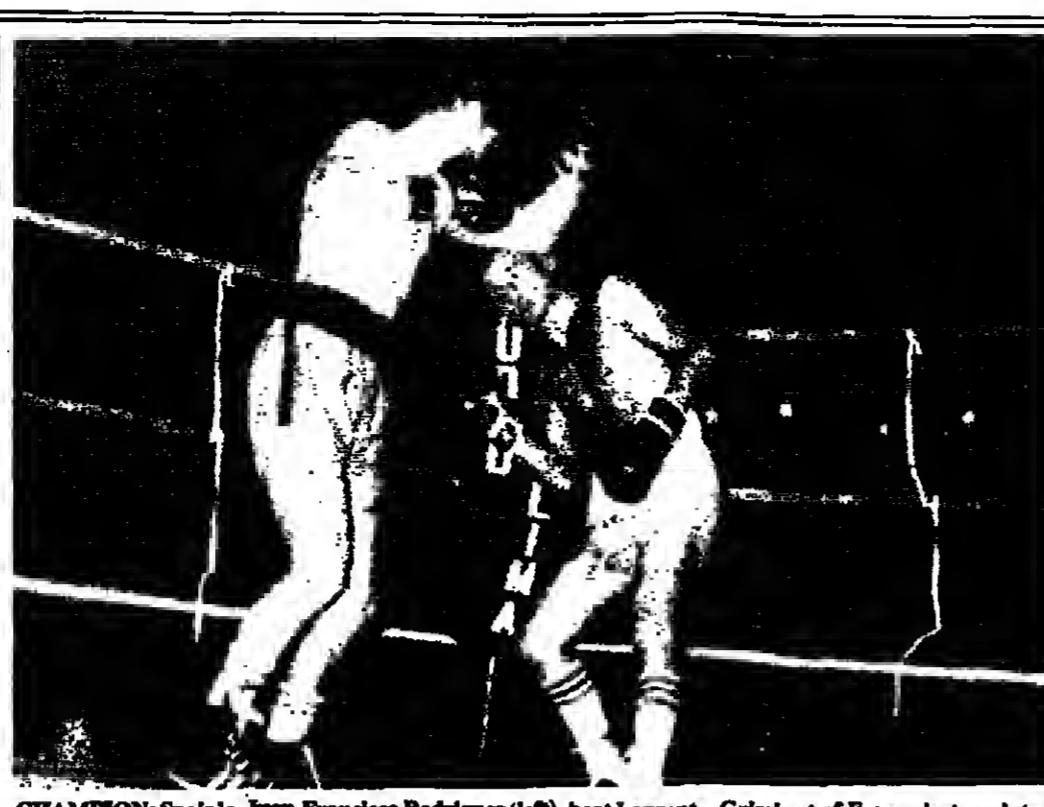
Women

JERICHO, New York Aug. 14 (AP) — Judy Rankin, given a reprieve on Sunday when the final round of the Ladies Professional Golf Association classic was rained out, shot a three-under-par 70 Monday successfully to defend her title with a two-under-par 288 for 72 holes.

The 34-year-old Rankin, who shared the lead with LPGA title holder Donna Caponi Young and rookie Beth Daniel after three rounds at the 6,460-yard par-73 layout, had dropped back to even after opening Sunday's play with a bogey-six.

The 22-year-old Daniel, on the other hand, was at four-under as a result of three birdies and a pair of pars before the skies opened up washing away Daniel's four-stroke lead.

Playing under ideal conditions on the soggy course, Daniel, still trying for her initial victory, shot a 72 to finish second at 290. Young was one over with a 74 on her final round as she bogeyed the par-four second hole and double-bogeyed the par-four 11th to finish third at 292.



CHAMPION: Spain's Juan Francisco Rodriguez (left), beat Laurent Grimbert of France last week to retain his European bantam weight title in Eibar, Spain.

Downs Solomon

Fillol comes back in Canada

TORONTO, Aug. 14 (AP) — Jaime Fillol of Chile, showing signs that he is emerging from a disastrous year-long slump, upset fourth-seeded Harold Solomon of the United States 3-6, 7-5, 6-2 in a first-round singles match Monday at the Canadian Open tennis championships.

"I played better than I have for along time," he said after the match. "The conditions were good for me. No one really has the edge in the first round of tournament when the court is new, the light is unfamiliar."

Fillol's slide from the top of the tennis ladder began after the U.S. Open championship last year. His final 1978 computer ranking was 77th in the world and he now ranks somewhere around 150.

Fillol's win was the only major upset in the men's draw Monday. In other first-round women's singles play, Dana Gilbert of the U.S. won over third-seeded Tanya

Harford of South Africa, 0-6, 6-3, 6-2; Luisa Antonopolis of the U.S. over Lisa Senn of Canada, 6-1, 6-3; American Diane Desfor over Mimmi Wikstrand of Sweden, 4-6, 7-5, 6-2; Lisa Doherty of the U.S. over Mariana Simionescu of Romania, 6-3, 6-1, and Laura Dupont over fellow American Renée Blount 7-5, 7-6.

In first-round men's action, Brian Teacher of the U.S. beat Rejean Genois of Canada 7-6, 6-0, and Peter Fleming beat fellow-American Sherwood Stewart, 6-4, 6-2. Colin Dowdell of Switzerland beat Jose-Luis Damiani of Uruguay 6-2, 6-2.

Genois said he had not practised enough in the last few weeks to give Teacher, the 13th seed, a battle. The pair exchanged two service breaks in the first set. Genois was leading 6-5 and serving when Teacher, 25, broke the Canadian's serve to seal the match into a 12-point tie-breaker.

Teacher easily won the tie-breaker 7-0 and then dominated the demoralized Genois 6-0 in the second set.

"I have been playing too well in the last little while," Genois said. "When I was up 6-5 in the first set, I hit an easy shot into the net at 30-30. That seemed to be all he needed."

The Chinese might have been a bit unlucky over Chelsea's first two goals, and goalkeeper Jianping almost held Wilkins' crisp shot just before half time.

They demonstrated that they learn quickly three minutes after the interval when Chen Xirong scored with a fine shot from 25 meters out. Yonglei then went within inches of scoring a second goal and Xiendong shot over an empty net towards the end of the game.

Though they lost, however, the Chinese again showed a great enthusiasm and the kind of sportsmanship that is not always seen in this country's football.

Results of Monday night's matches were:

English Football League Cup first round first leg:
Northampton 2 Millwall 1
Friedly: Chelsea 3 China 1

IOC helps competitors, travel costs

LAUSANNE, Aug. 14 (R) — A panel of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) has decided to contribute \$1 million toward the travel expenses of athletes taking part in next year's winter and summer Games.

Meeting under IOC President Lord Killanin, the Commission for Olympic Solidarity will ask all national Olympic Committees whether they need cash help in sending sportsmen and women to the Winter Olympics in Lake Placid, New York, or to the summer Games in Moscow.

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Rainy anti-climax Draw ends India-Essex game

CHELMSFORD, England, Aug. 14 (Agencies) — The Indian cricket tourists' match against Essex petered out into a tame draw Monday, with only some good batting by Armanath and Yaspal Sharma to brighten up the last stages.

Interruptions by rain spoiled all chances of a definite result.

Essex, leaders of the English county championship race recovered from a poor start and were in a position to declare and set India a target.

The English team batted on to 295 for 6 in its second innings, and then set India 227 to win in quick time.

The Essex second innings stood at 91 for 2 overnight. Rain held up play for an hour Monday morning. Essex then added eight runs before rain caused another stoppage.

Later the weather settled and the Indian bowlers, with nothing in the conditions to help them, could do little but try to contain the Essex batsmen. Ken McEwan, the South African, made 68, Smith 65 and Mike Denness 58.

The Indians' slim hopes of victory were dashed when John Lever, the England fast bowler, had Gavaskar caught at the wicket for 8.

The other wicket to fall was that of Chauhan, who made 28.

It was the Indians' last game before the third Test against England, which starts Thursday.

In county games, Worcestershire, the closest rivals to Essex, were in a strong position for victory over Kent after two days of their match at Canterbury.

Younis Ahmad of Pakistan, who once played for Kent, led the assault against his old team Monday with a magnificent 170 as Worcestershire reached 286 in reply to Kent's 160. Kent then moved from 64 for three to 109 for three in their second innings by the close.

Another overseas player, Geoff Howarth of New Zealand, helped Surrey build a first innings lead of 96 over Hampshire with a fine unbeaten 109. There were several interruptions for rain and bad light and play finally ended 50 minutes early.

The weather affected several matches Monday, not the least of which was Yorkshire against Gloucestershire at Cheltenham.

At Trent Bridge: Derbyshire 265 in 97.1 overs, Nottinghamshire 138 for seven after 65 overs (M. Harris 47).

At Weston-super-Mare: Sussex 154 in 82.3 overs (P. Parker 46). Somerset 57 for three after 14 overs.

At Cheltenham: Gloucestershire 288 for eight innings closed. Yorkshire 113 for five after 40 overs (G. Boycott 65 not out) — rain stopped play.

At Wellingborough: Northamptonshire 300 for six innings closed. Leicestershire 211 for seven after 77.2 overs — (B. Dudson 60) — rain stopped play.



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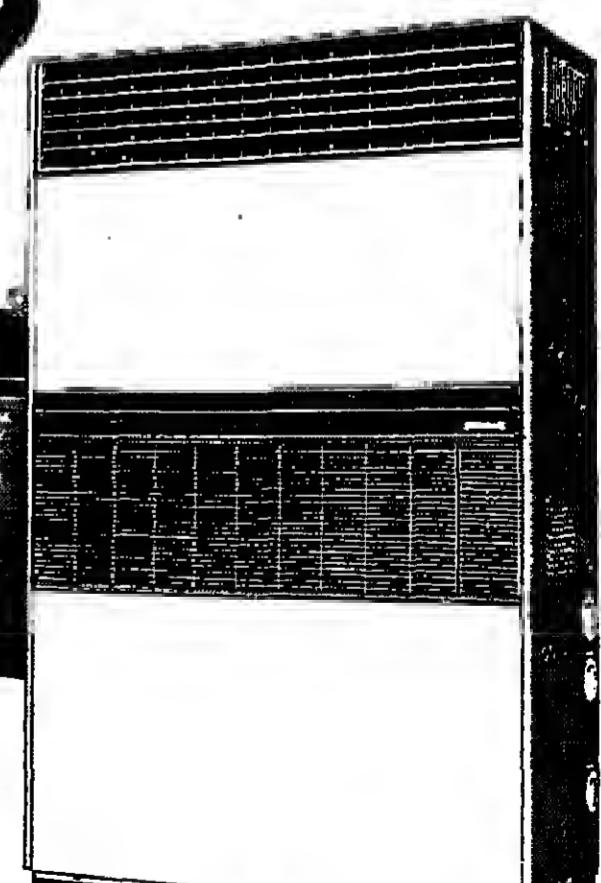
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POSITION UNCHANGED

The seasonal round of speculations about possibilities of amending U.N. Resolution 242 or the passing of a new resolution in its place, in a way which explicitly incorporates the rights of the Palestinians, is here once more. This time, added significance is given it from signs of change in America's position on the Palestinians, signs which are yet to solidify into firm indications.

Whether this change will materialize or not, it is clear that the Palestinians' own position on Resolution 242 has not changed. At the time when it was passed, with Arab fortunes at their nadir after the June war of 1967, it sufficed the international community to talk in terms of the Palestinians as "refugees." The picture today is quite different. The question of recognizing Palestinian rights is no longer a matter of international argument. The United States itself has indicated its assent to many United Nations resolutions regarding the Palestinians, in which they are not merely treated as "refugees."

Yasser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization, had made it clear that the PLO shall never recognize Resolution 242 as it stands. The question then is of the kind of an amendment required for the resolution, or the kind of a formula in a new one, acceptable to the Palestinians without being totally rejected by the Israelis.

This matter is to appear in a clearer light after the Security Council meeting scheduled for Aug. 23. Yet whatever the outcome there, the PLO has always acted on the principle that, being the only side in the Middle East struggle which is not in control of any territory, its recognition by the other parties has to come first. The Israelis, according to the PLO, obviously do not suffer the same disadvantage, and are therefore not entitled to prior recognition.

The American administration showed understanding of the strength of this argument. It hinted in the past its readiness to accept PLO "amendments" or "reservations" regarding Resolution 242. Yet the real obstacle, of course, is Israeli intransigence for any recognition or negotiations with (or even the presence of) the PLO.

The PLO itself, as is well known, cannot take positions on this matter without due consideration of the "Arab dimension." It has powerful and vital Arab allies who would oppose its acceptance of even an amended form of Resolution 242, for fear of implicating the Palestinians irrevocably in the current American sponsored "peace process."

While it is by no means certain that the PLO itself considers this a hindrance, it remains true that the positions it takes has to reflect that side of the equation faithfully. The PLO recognizes that it has no guarantees that its acceptance of this or a similar resolution will inevitably lead to the restitution of Palestinian rights.

On the other hand, it is possible that matters reaching the stage of an amended or improved resolution cannot but mean that such guarantees from the United States are forthcoming. Friends of the PLO who are at the same time America's friends have a role to play in ensuring that this is indeed the case. Without this happening it is inconceivable that the Palestinians will change position on a resolution so overtaken by events as 242.

Kabul regime gets the time for a breath

By Gene Kramer

NEW DELHI
Afghanistan's government may have gained some breathing space by swiftly and decisively crushing a reported army mutiny in Kabul early this month.

That is the feeling of some of the Afghanistan watchers here analyzing the war between President Nur Muhammad Tarakki's pro-Soviet government and Muslim insurgents who claim to control much of the landlocked country outside Kabul.

Predictions were heard in July, from travelers and diplomats, that without substantial Soviet military intervention the Afghan government could be overthrown any week.

Now it is said that the Tarakki regime has eased the imminent danger by strengthening security in the capital and reducing the threat of a putsch from forces within the city.

One traveler from Kabul estimated that 400 army loyalists and mutineers were killed on Aug. 5 in the four hours it took government forces using tanks and helicopters to crush rebel troops trying to move out from the Bala Hisar barracks in Kabul.

A later report reaching here from Pakistan, and unconfirmed, estimated the fatalities much higher — up to 3,000.

Tarakki's cabinet was meeting at the time and the rebels intended to surround the old royal palace, capture, and perhaps liquidate the leadership, a knowledgeable Kabul resident said.

Another version, from Pakistan, said the troops decided to rebel because they had marching orders to go into battle against the insurgents harassing the government in most of Afghanistan's 28 provinces.

The fire power and ruthlessness shown by the government in crushing the Kabul mutiny amounted to an impressive show of strength in the opinion of some diplomats here.

A traveler from Kabul reported evidence that Russians were aboard some of the rocket-firing helicopter gunships attacking the rebels — Russian language was heard over the communications and some residents with binoculars think they spotted Europeans on the aircraft.

After the fighting stopped, the government was reported to have disarmed and rearranged troops in the capital.

Another attempted attack at the heart of the government will be much more difficult, a Kabul resident said. "Next time, it will require assembling a massive force with modern weapons outside Kabul, and the rebels haven't got them."

Bracing for possible rebel attacks against cities and towns, the regime jointly sent hundreds of young party members to Tashkent in the Soviet Union for training in anti-guerrilla command tactics, a Kabul source said. Thousands of Soviet advisers have been reported in Afghanistan.

A recent notable success of the insurgents was the blowing up of two bridges around the end of July to the main supply road from the Soviet Union to Kabul, forcing a detour of hundreds of miles, a knowledgeable informant said. (AP)

For the past two weeks, she has been touring the country in its place, reassuring provincial America that "Jimmy is happy and confident, and believes we are at a turning-point in our history."

Where other recent First Ladies have been content to redecorate the White House, beautify the parks and gardens of Washington, or take political stands on teenage sex, alcoholism and mastectomy, Rosalynn Carter plays an almost Vice-presidential role. She is widely regarded as the most powerful First Lady since Eleanor Roosevelt.

Mrs. Carter sits in on Cabinet meetings, taking notes.

She has an official lunch with the president every Tuesday, to which she brings an agenda of subjects for discussion ranging from strategic arms limitation or the Middle

East to inflation, energy conservation or proposals for a national health program. There is no small talk between the husband and wife on these occasions. Family matters can be discussed over dinner in the evenings.

Rosalynn Carter was perceived to be a forceful and independent woman soon after her husband took office.

She toured the country speaking on his behalf, and adopted pet subjects of her own to campaign for.

Fissures develop in the great money experiment

By Murray Seeger

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BRUSSELS — A year after it was formally proposed by France and Germany, the European Monetary System is struggling to maintain its unity in a new period of currency uncertainty.

The system has been functioning in a preliminary stage for four months, after its starting date was delayed last winter by political disputes among its participants, who are all members of the European Common Market.

Since March, the currencies of the eight member countries have been linked under a formula that permits them to move together in value against other currencies, especially the U.S. dollar. When the system went into operation, the dollar was gaining in value, but now the dollar is weak and in danger of falling further.

Coping with the fluctuating dollar as a group is difficult, because the economies of the eight countries have individual characteristics that affect the value of their currencies. Each central bank must consider what it thinks is correct policy for its own currency against what it views as correct policy for the group.

"The system seems to be working adequately, so far," a monetary expert from a non-member country commented. "The real tests will come in the future, as different economies develop differently and inflation rates diverge."

In practical terms, the most serious strains on the system have involved the powerful German Bun-

desbank and the much smaller Belgian National Bank.

The Bundesbank, the dominant force in the system, sees itself as a watchdog for the German mark and the German economy as a whole. It believes that it must fight any sign of inflation or any currency movement that would undermine the mark's strong standing. But steps taken to defend the mark have tended to raise the mark's value against weaker currencies in the system, especially the Belgian franc and the Danish kroner.

The Belgian point of view is that the German policy should be directed more at maintaining the agreed levels of value among the eight currencies, not the mark's external value.

This dispute, which broke out last May, has cropped up again since the Bundesbank became concerned about new evidence that German prices are rising at what the Germans consider an unhealthy rate. To fight new inflation brought on by higher oil prices and to slow the growth of the domestic money supply, the bank last week raised its official interest rates.

The central banks' policy earlier in the year was to buy marks and sell dollars, to prevent the dollar from rising too rapidly. This also strengthened the mark against the system's other currencies.

If the strains within the system get too great, the central banks will have to agree to a readjustment of the relative values. A move that would mean a devaluation of the weaker currencies.

This would be a European Central

Bank, which would settle accounts among its members in European Currency Units, in which the mark would count for a third, the French franc for just under 20 per cent, the British pound for 13 per cent, the guinea, the Belgian franc and the lira for 9 per cent 10 per cent each, and the smaller currencies for the remainder.

"The Belgian franc in real terms is not the weakest currency in the system," the monetary expert said. "On the basis of fundamentals, the Danish kroner is weaker, and in the long run the Italian lira might be."

The members agreed that the currencies should not diverge by more than 2.25 per cent from a central, agreed rate except for the lira, which is allowed to diverge by 6 per cent. To maintain these rates, the central banks are expected to cooperate.

The members are scheduled to review the operation of the system in September. At the same time, Britain is expected to announce whether it will join the system or simply continue to cooperate with it.

Other countries, including Sweden, Norway, Austria and Switzerland, have been watching the system closely and considering whether they should apply for membership.

According to Otmar Emminger, president of the Bundesbank, the system is at present an "exchange rate union." But its members plan to make it a true monetary union in the future by transferring part of their national reserves of gold and currencies to a common depository.

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President Valery Giscard d'Estaing of France and Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany laid out the blueprint for such an operation last June in Bremer.

Their intent is to remove currency fluctuations as a factor in trade among European countries. If audiences remarked that she seemed a stronger personality than the president. "She is confident, persuasive and full of guts," said one listener in California, home of President Carter's rival for the 1980 Democratic nomination, Gov. Jerry Brown. "Why doesn't Rosalynn run for president instead of Jimmy?" — (OFNS)

Rosalynn Carter is anxious that no one should think her a mere reflection of her husband. She is very much her own woman, and will disagree with him forcefully and persuasively when occasion demands it. When White House aides find the president stubborn on a particular issue, they will turn to the First Lady for support. There is just one danger for a weak president in so powerful a relationship, and two weeks ago it became publicly apparent.

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Man or the environment?

Sparking an argument over what causes deserts

By Bob Lebling
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — An Arab-born American space scientist has come forth with a new theory challenging the widely-held belief that man is responsible for the spread of the earth's deserts.

Farouk El-Baz, research director of the Smithsonian Institution's Center for Earth and Planetary Studies, says sunspots — or storms on the surface of the sun — are responsible for the growth and retreat of the world's deserts.

"Man has absolutely no effect on this at all," says El-Baz, challenging the contention of the United Nations report on desertification, which holds that the growth of desert areas is "a man-made process."

El-Baz, an Egyptian-born geologist who played a major role in the Apollo moon landing program, has devoted considerable attention in recent years to the study of deserts both on earth and on the planet Mars.

This month he is visiting China, as team geologist for a U.S. expedition studying that country's "forbidden deserts."

Shortly before his departure in late July, El-Baz outlined his new theory on desertification.

"I don't like this business of blaming everything on man's activities," he said. "The accepted theory now is that the deserts are

all man-made, that everything was once lush green, and then man came, and with him came goats and other domesticated animals, and then the goats ate the shrubs and vegetation, and the wind blew

up the soil, and so deserts were born."

According to El-Baz, this theory is mistaken. The determining factor in desertification, he says, is solar activity.

The world's deserts, he points out, fall within two lateral bands around the earth's surface, one north of the equator and one south. The bands are centered roughly on the 30 degree North latitudes.

The deserts are located in these zones because of meteorological conditions caused by the way the sun's energy strikes various parts of the globe, according to El-Baz.

"The equatorial region of the earth, all along, receives more energy from the sun than any other part of the world," El-Baz said. "And much of this region is ocean. What happens? The water evaporates. Very simple."

"As the sun heats the atmosphere, the hot air rises. As it climbs higher and, it will be increasingly cooled, because the temperature drops as you go up in the atmosphere."

As this hot equatorial air cools, it leaves behind its moisture in the form of clouds — "that's why there's more rain in the equatorial region," El-Baz said.

The tropical zone is the one that fuels all of the weather of the earth," he said.

When the air of the equator rises, cools, and leaves behind its moisture in the form of clouds,

that new, cold moisture-free air will have to fall down somewhere, because cold air is heavier than hot air.

"It falls in these two bands, north and south of the equatorial region," El-Baz said, "roughly along the 30-degree lines."

Because the air is dry and spawns few clouds, deserts have developed in these zones.

All of the land within these bands is not desert, of course. El-Baz attributes this to variations in local topography, such as mountain ranges which channel moist air from other areas into the 30th-parallel zones.

Given this general scheme for the creation of deserts, El-Baz theorizes that variations in sunspot activity cause changes in the width of the earth's desert bands.

"We know that there are cycles of sunspot activity," he said. "The solar storms come and go. One cycle is between seven and 16 years, with an average of about 11 years. And there's another sunspot cycle of about 90 years, and a third of several thousand years."

When sunspots are at their peak, the earth receives a maximum of solar energy. When solar activity is low, the earth receives less energy.

El-Baz says he has found a strong correlation between the level of sunspot activity and periods of drought around the world.

"Between 1960 and 1974, we

had what physicists call the solar minimum, meaning that there was the least activity on the surface of the sun.

"So during this period the sun was not acting up, it was not sending enough energy to the earth, less energy was received by the world's oceans, less water was evaporated, areas that used to be wet shrank, and desert areas grew larger."

"If you shrink the zone of vegetation," El-Baz said, "you will increase the hand of the desert."

During this last solar minimum period, there were numerous droughts throughout the world,



The earth's desert areas, in dark gray, fall along zones centered on the 30-degree North and South latitude lines and there was considerable concern over the apparent spread of the deserts, particularly in such regions as the Sahara.

"This is what is happening now. There is more rain in Ethiopia, more rain in Sudan than they can handle. The Aswan lake is filling up faster than they thought it would."

Thus, according to El-Baz's theory, when sunspots are at their maximum, the deserts shrink, and when solar activity declines, the deserts grow. Man, he maintains, has virtually nothing to do with the process.

United Nations experts, he says, have objected "vehemently" to his theory.

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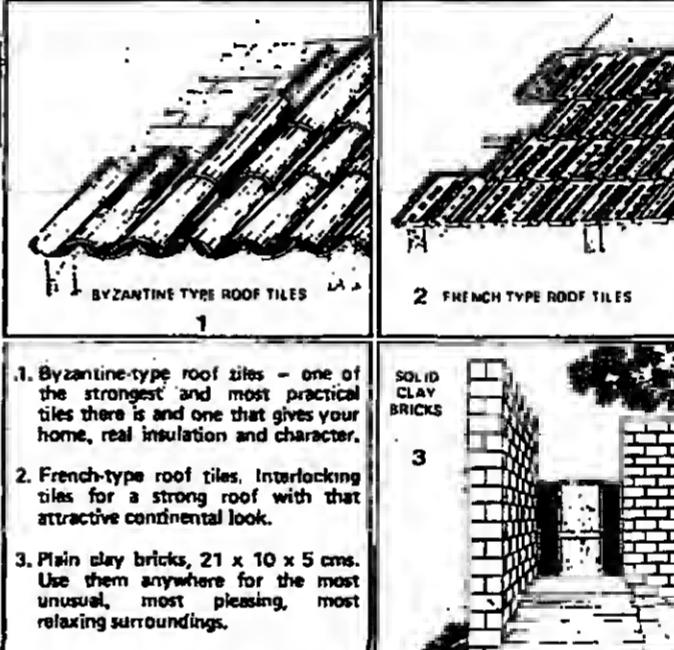
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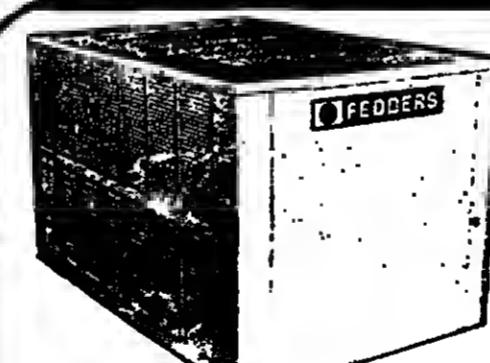
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(S-5-79)

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AL SALEHIAH		16-8-79	
IBN AL NAFEES		19-8-79	
IBN HAZM		21-8-79	
AL MANSOURIAH		15-8-79	
THEEKAR		17-8-79	
OGNA		18-8-79	
AL MUBARAKIAH		20-8-79	

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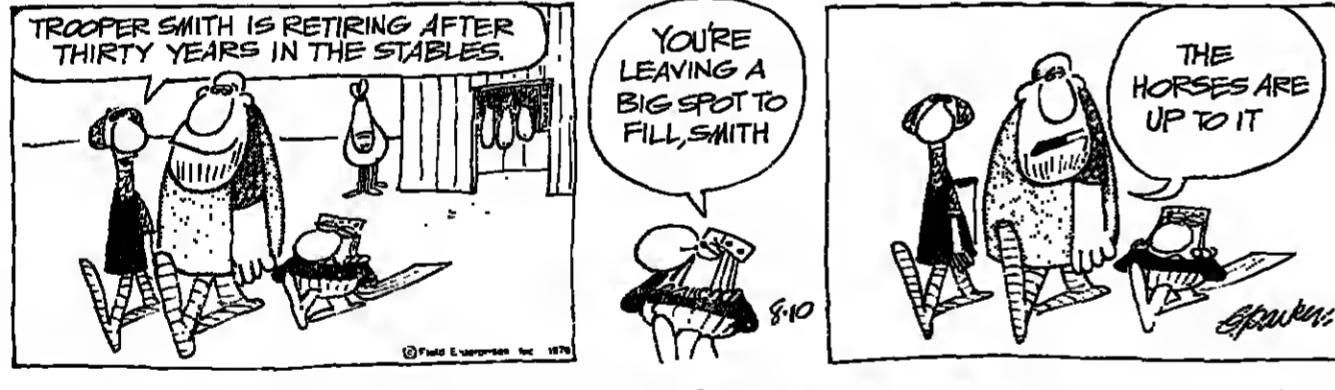
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BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD.



Dennis the Menace



Rexy's Believe It or Not!



CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

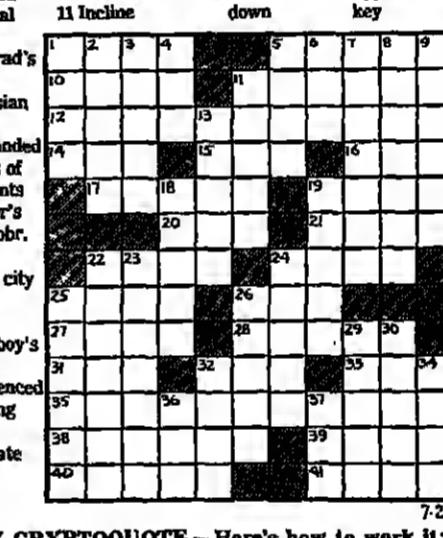
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Run into 40 Indigent
 5 Pacific 41 Swiss
 Island 42 custom
 group 43 Goya subject
 10 To boot 44 Avoid
 11 Lamour's 45 German city
 garment 46 Backward
 12 Not very 47 child?
 much 48 Afore-
 14 Suffix 49 mentioned
 with lem- 50 Museum
 15 Up-to-date: 51 contents
 st. 52 Spotty
 16 Countdown 53 Away
 number 54 from duty
 17 Result in 55 Items of
 18 Delighted 56 business
 20 Chemical 57 Pound
 suffix 58 Inches
 21 Leningrad's 59 down
 river 60 key
 22 Polynesian 61
 deity 62
 24 Commanded 63
 Daniels of 64
 the Silents 65
 26 Minister's 66
 talk; abbr. 67
 27 Gaelic 68
 28 French city 69
 31 Danish 70
 Island 71
 32 Beach boy's 72
 color 73
 33 Experienced 74
 35 Checking 75
 hours 76
 38 Fabricate 77
 39 Code word 78

COSTI BESON
 ALIQUA MASCOT
 LEVOLD INSULT
 ALI RAY HALE
 ROAN GENE
 SPAN JARS
 MILK JUIN
 OLA MEN FRA
 LILIAPE SIME
 SPENCER HEE
 FERNE FIDY

Yesterday's Answer



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

A X Y D L B A X E

B L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three 'A's, X for the 'O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the letter 'I' and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

FUHZ N W J MJD NA MNZC:
 DUZA LAZ XLLH VMLWZW FL
 SW JALFUZH LAZ. LRZAW.
 - J A X H Z P N X Z
 Yesterday's Cryptoquote: IF YOU ARE AFRAID OF BAD
 LUCK YOU WILL NEVER GET GOOD LUCK. - PETER THE
 GREAT

Contract Bridge : B. Jay Becker

The Pause That Refreshes

North dealer:
 North-South vulnerable.

NORTH

♦A 7 5
 ♠K 3 2
 ♣10 8 7 6 4 2
 ♤J

WEST

♦K Q J 10 8 3
 ♠6 2
 ♣Q J 9 7 4
 ♤Q J 3
 ♤Q 6 5 2

SOUTH

♦A 2
 ♠Q 10 9 8 7 4
 ♣Q 3
 ♤Q 6 5 2

The bidding:

North East South West
 1♦ 2♦ Pass 3♦
 Dbl Pass 4:

Opening lead - ace of spades.

As it happens, there is an excellent response to West's club shift. After winning the club at trick two, you cash the club at trick three, you cash the club at trick four, and then lead a spade from dummy.

East wins the spade and returns a club, which West ruffs. But now West can do you no harm, whatever he returns. If he leads a trump, you finesse; if he leads a spade or a diamond, you ruff in your hand and return the trump queen, planning to finesse. Keeping a cool head will sometimes work wonders.

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If he leads a trump, you finesse; if he leads a spade or a diamond, you ruff in your hand and return the trump queen, planning to finesse. Keeping a cool head will sometimes work wonders.

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ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYERS TIMES

WEDNESDAY Fuj: Ishraq F:uhr Assr: Maghreb Isha:
 Mecca 4:44 6:05 12:32 3:55 6:54
 Medina 4:38 5:57 12:34 4:02 6:59 8:59
 Nejd 4:10 5:46 12:35 3:31 6:29 8:29

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children Show Sesame St. No. 1162, Top Cat:
 6:00 World Spokesman The Late
 6:28 The Munsters Iran
 6:53 Chico & The Man Far Out Munster
 Old is Gold
 Toniu
 7:18 I Spy The Fixer
 8:20 Most Wanted A High Wind in Jamaica
 9:07 Channel Theater

WEATHER

Clouds in the western and southwestern highlands will cause rain showers.
 Hot summer weather will prevail in the eastern area. It will be moderate in the rest of the Kingdom.
 Winds will blow mostly northern at moderate speed, gaining speed in parts of the Eastern Province, raising dust.
 Sea conditions in territorial waters will be calm to moderate in the Red Sea and calm to choppy in the Gulf.

Tuesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)
 Mecca 42 30 Tabuk 38 22
 Jeddah 38 28 Turaif 33 17
 Riyadh 42 27 Arar 40 22
 Dhahran 45 27 Bisha 36 25
 Medina 39 25 Yanbu 40 26
 Taif 32 21 Abha 44 24

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WEDNESDAY

Afternoon Transmission
 2:00 Opening
 2:01 Holy Quran
 2:05 Reflections on Fasting
 2:10 Saudi Literature and Arts
 2:20 On Islam
 2:30 People Talking
 3:00 NEWS
 3:10 Press Review
 3:15 Music
 3:20 Science Journal
 3:30 Selection of Music
 3:50 Closedown
 Evening Transmission
 9:00 Opening
 9:01 Holy Quran

VOA

8:00 News Roundup:
 Reports: Actualities:
 Opinion: Analyses
 8:30 Dateline
 News Summary
 9:00 Special English:
 News: Feature: The
 Making of a Nation
 News Summary
 9:30 Music USA:
 (Standards)
 10:00 News Roundup:
 Reports: Actualities

10:05 Opening: Analyses
 News Summary
 10:30 VOA Magazine:
 America; Science;
 Cultural; Letter
 11:00 Special English: New
 11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
 VOA WORLD REPORT
 Midnight
 12:00 News newsmakers:
 voices correspondents
 . reports background
 features media comments
 news analyses

BBC

Morning Transmission

9:05 A Message of Ramadan
 9:10 Light Music
 9:15 Top of the Pops
 9:45 A Viewpoint
 9:55 Music
 10:00 Life in Ramadan
 10:05 Youth Welfare
 10:10 Music
 10:15 NEWS
 10:25 S. Chronicle
 10:30 Sound Sweet and Strange
 11:00 Imp. Com. &
 Recollections
 11:10 Music
 11:15 Latin Music
 11:45 A Rendezvous with
 Dreams
 12:00 Closedown

10:00 World News
 10:05 Twenty-Four Hours
 News Summary
 10:30 Sarah Ward
 8:45 World Today
 9:00 Newsdesk
 9:30 Opera Star

10:30 Sarah Ward
 10:45 Something to Show You

11:00 World News
 11:09 Reflections
 11:15 Piano Style
 11:30 Brain of Britain 1978

12:00 World News
 12:09 British Press Review
 12:15 World Today
 12:30 Financial News
 12:40 Look Ahead
 12:45 The Tony Myatt

11:00 World News
 11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
 News Summary
 12:15 Talkabout
 12:45 Nature Notebook

1:15 Ulster in Focus
 1:30 Discovery

2:00 World News
 2:09 News about Britain
 2:15 Alphabet of Musical
 Carlos

2:30 Sports International
 2:40 Radio Newswise
 3:15 Promende Concert
 3:45 Sports Round-up

4:00 World News

4:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
 News Summary
 5:15 Report on Religion
 6:00 Radio Newswise
 6:15 Outlook

7:00 World News
 7:09 Commentary
 7:15 Sherlock Holmes
 7:45 World Today

8:00 World News
 8:09 Books and Writers
 8:30 Take One
 8:45 Sports Round-up

9:00 World News
 9:09 News about Britain
 9:15 Radio Newswise
 9:30 Farming World

10:00 Outlook News Summary
 10:39 Stock Market Report
 10:43 Look Ahead
 10:45 Ulster in Focus

11:00 World News
 11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
 News Summary
 12:15 Talkabout
 12:45 Nature Notebook

1:00 World News
 1:09 World Today
 1:25 Financial News
 1:35 Book Choice
 1:40 Reflections
 1:45 Sports Round-up

2:00 World News
 2:09 Commentary
 2:15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1979

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to April 19) Don't change plans because of a partner's reservations. Creativity high. Take time to explain your ideas before acting on them.

TAURUS (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Partners and close allies erratic in their responses. From lukewarm to overenthusiastic is your signal to stick to a moderate course.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) Use reason rather than charm to get ideas across. A friend has a financial tip, but there may be strings attached. Stick to facts.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) Keep your own counsel re a money-making idea. Get yourself together before taking action. Inner jealousy.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) Follow close allies lead about a leisure time activity. Don't let others distract you from working on that creative project.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) New thoughts about domestic matters are worth following through on. Save time for both work and play and you'll avoid conflict later.



AZTEC TREASURE: Legend has it there is Aztec gold buried under the sidewalks of Mexico City. The worker in the photo is not searching for treasure but he does consider himself fortunate. In a country where half the population of 65 million is either unemployed, or underemployed, a job is a job — even cracking up the sidewalk.



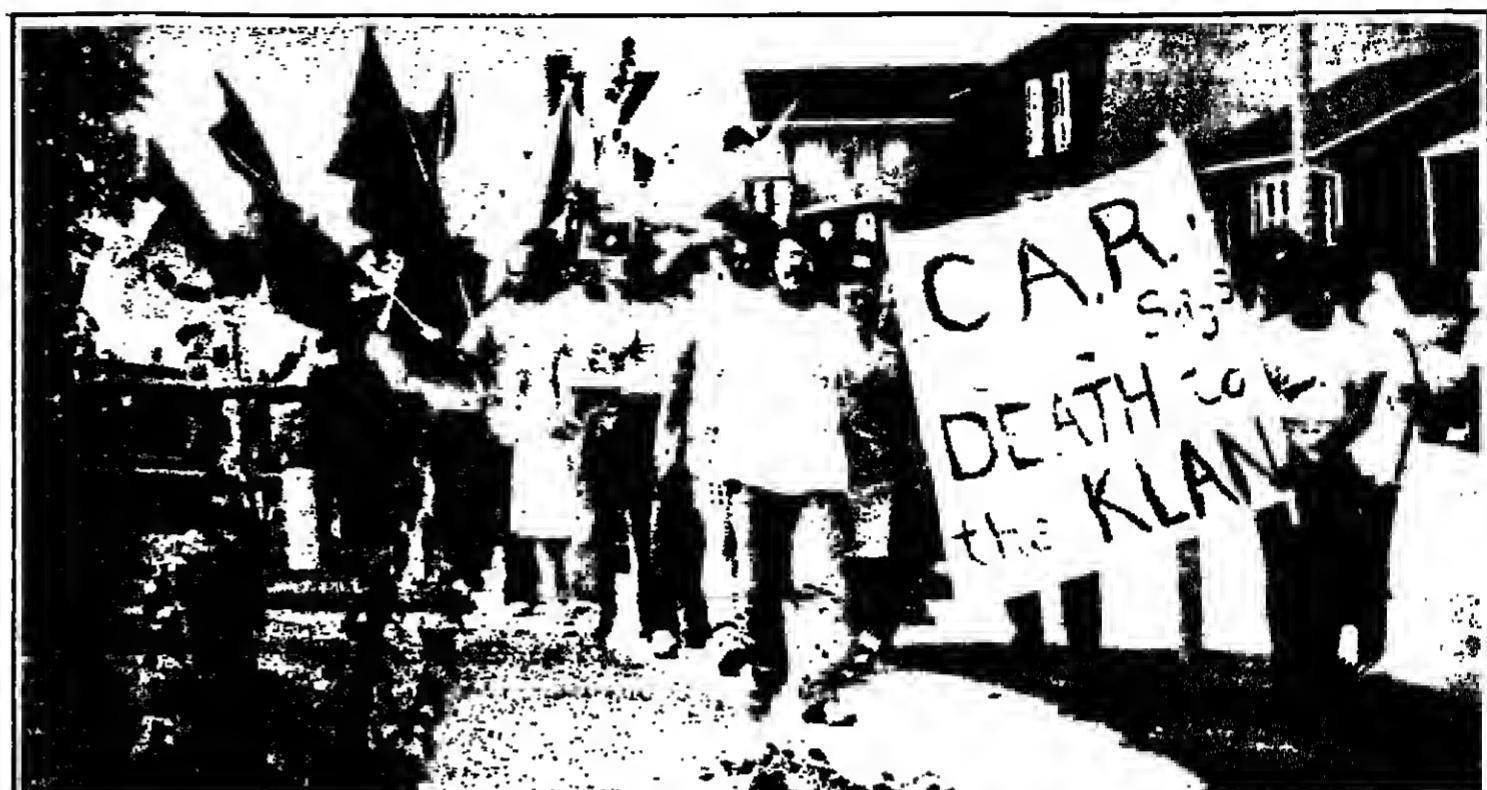
COOS BAY: This old Coos Bay Lumber Company locomotive, built in 1929 by the American Locomotive Company, was a frequent visitor to San Diego and the Santa Fe station in the 1930s and 40s. Now, sadly, it is only a museum piece, with a veteran Pullman car, resting on a short length of track in the Port of San Diego.

(Photo by Harry Turnbull)



SANTA FE: One of the most famous railway stations in the southern United States, the Santa Fe, San Diego, California. The temple-like structure, not far from the Holiday Inn hotel seen in the photograph to the left of the station, is retained in its original style as a reminder of the roaring days of the great American railroad.

(Photo by Harry Turnbull)



ANTI-KLAN: Members of the Committee Against Racism, in Barnegat, New Jersey, demonstrate protesting a rally of the Ku Klux Klan near the home of a Klan member. It was one of several anti-Klan demonstrations, but 40 state and local policemen kept the opposing groups from coming to blows.



FISHY LAWS: Two friends downstream of the law on the two-and-a-half-mile long Venetian Causeway, Miami, Florida. The notice was too high to be seen from the best fishing spots and well, at least they weren't swimming.



AUGUST 1979

Interested in Business Development
in Saudi Arabia

saudi business

THIS WEEK READ ABOUT:
Saving Jeddah's Disappearing Haritaga
Foreign bankruptcies in Saudi Arabia
SAPTCO and Saudi mass transportation
U.S. refiners and the Middle East

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الدولارات الدولية

EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. \$

الدولار

SDR

حالي السحب الخاصة

Bank of America IFC London

Interbank Spot Middle Dollar

Exchange Rates at London as quoted

by Bank of America IFC London

August 13 August 10

US Dollar 1.5733 1.5733

Australian Dollar 1.5733 1.5733

Austrian Schilling 17.3227 17.3227

Belgian Franc 37.9458 37.9458

Canadian Dollar 1.5282 1.5282

Deutsche Mark 2.2715 2.2715

French Franc 2.2592 2.2592

Iceland Kial 91.6543 91.6543

Italian Lira 261.977 261.977

Belgian Franc 30.345 30.345

Denmark 5.2575 5.2575

Dutch Guilder 2.2675 2.2675

French Franc 5.6128 5.6128

German Mark 5.7573 5.7573

Pound Sterling 5.8581 5.8581

Saudi Arabian Riyal 4.3723 4.36516

Spanish Peseta 5.6516 5.6516

Swiss Franc 5.6454 5.6454

Dollar Krown 6.3535 6.3535

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Eurodollar Repub 10.3275 10.3275

Swiss Franc 8.25946 8.25946

Malaysian Ringgit 2.86045 2.86045

Singapore Dollar 2.89645 2.89645

South African Rand 1.09154 1.09154

U.S.A. Dollar 4.93572 4.94414

Venezuelan Bolivar 5.59575 5.58493

Pound Sterling 5.7573 5.7573

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New sectarian threats

Hopes for Ireland peace recede as tension mounts

BELFAST, Aug. 14 (AP) — Northern Ireland marked the 10th anniversary of the arrival of British troops in the province Tuesday amid mounting sectarian tension and receding hopes of peace.

The Ulster Defense Association, biggest of the Province's paramilitary organizations, warned Monday it will take to the streets again if the British army does not eliminate guerrillas of the predominantly Catholic Irish Republican Army.

The outlawed IRA's Provisional Wing declared Sunday during a major show of opposition to British rule:

"We'll fight to the death ... to end the 800 years of British oppression."

The war cries of the rival factions underlines that Northern Ireland's sectarian bloodshed is far from over.

The IRA is fighting to push the British out to reunite Ulster with the neighboring Irish Republic.

Ulster's one million Protestants, who outnumber Catholics 2 to 1, fear being swallowed up by the overwhelmingly Catholic republic — and say they will even fight the British if London tries to push them into it.

"The situation has not substantially improved. Although in some ways the level of violence may have gone down numerically, there's little doubt that the effectiveness of the terrorist attacks has increased," says Maj. Gen. James Glover, commander of 13,500 British troops in Northern Ireland.

Gerry Fitt, the ex-seaman who heads the Catholic-based Social Democratic and Labor Party, lamented that any hope of getting the majority Protestants to share political power with the minority is "dead."

Race for president

Awolowo leads Nigerian voting

LAGOS, Aug. 14 (AP) — Veteran politician Chief Obafemi Awolowo was in the lead over four rival candidates in Saturday's Nigerian presidential election with results announced from 12 of 19 states, Lagos Radio reported Tuesday.

The radio said Awolowo of the Unity Party of Nigeria had won the most votes in five states: Lagos, Oyo, Ogun, Bendel and Ondo.

Ahaji Shehu Shagari of the National Party of Nigeria had the most votes in four states: Rivers, Kwa, Benue and Niger.

Third was Nnamdi Azikiwe of the Nigerian People's Party with the most votes in three states: Plateau, Imo and Anambra. Azikiwe is the former president of the republic, having served as the country's first and only president in the period after independence from Britain in 1960 and before the military seized power in 1966.

The two other presidential candidates, Alhaji Waziri Ibrahim of the Great Nigerian People's Party and Malam Aminu Kano of the People's Redemption Party had

yet to win any states.

To be declared the winner, a candidate must win the most votes overall and get at least 25 percent of the vote in 13 states.

This is because while each candidate has regional support in his own ethnic district, the Federal Electoral Commission set up by Gen. Olusegun Obasanjo's milit-

ary government wants the winner to have a broad backing nationwide.

Democratic government is scheduled to resume in Nigeria Oct. 1 after 13 years of military rule.

Voter turnout figures have not been reported. There are 4.5 million registered voters in Nigeria.

White Rhodesian leader Ian



PIGGYBACK: The U.S. space shuttle Enterprise, best known for hitching piggyback rides on jet aircraft, is shown landing at the St. Louis airport recently in that manner. In the foreground are aircraft of an earlier era.

New statute in parliament

Madrid studying self rule for Catalonia

MADRID, Aug. 14 (Agencies) — A Constitutional committee of Spain's lower house Tuesday approved an autonomy statute for the Catalan region giving home rule liberties and rights.

The statute now goes to a full session of the parliament. If it is approved, Catalonia will become a self-governing region within the Spanish state. Catalonia is formed by the provinces of Barcelona, Tarragona, Lleida and Gerona and includes about one fourth of Spain's 37 million people.

The autonomy statute, which also must go to a referendum in the Catalan region for ratification, grants power to administer justice, organize education, returning rights taken away by the late Gen. Francisco Franco after he won the civil war in 1939.

A similar autonomy statute was recently approved by the constitutional committee for the northern Basque country.

The committee is now preparing to study autonomy statutes for other Spanish regions, including those of Andalucia and Galicia.

In Madrid Tuesday police shot and fatally wounded one of Spain's most wanted urban guerrilla suspects, sought for a string of killings, bombings and robberies. Pedro Taberner Perez, believed to be a leader of the extreme left-wing group Grapo, was shot in the chest when he opened fire on policemen trailing him in El Escorial, 50 kilometers northwest of Madrid, police said.

They said he fired twice when ordered to stop. He was hit by a single bullet and died later in a hospital.

Another suspected Grapo

member, Manuel Parodi Munoz, was arrested Monday. Police said he was carrying a loaded pistol stolen from a murdered paramilitary officer.

Police had offered a one million peseta (\$15,400) reward for information leading to Perez's capture.

Two other suspected members

were arrested last month.

Possibly pirate treasure

Gold found in Florida backyard well

KEY WEST, Florida, Aug. 14 (AP) — Two brothers working on a water well in their back yard have unearthed more than 900 grams of gold nuggets and are digging deeper in hopes of finding a pirate's chest full of treasure.

"I don't think there's any doubt in the world there's something down there," Kent Pepper said. "It could be a jewelry box. It could be bigger."

Kent and his brother, Jim, were renovating a group of old houses when a construction crew found the first gold nuggets last Wednesday while cleaning an old well shaft.

The gold rush was on.

Workers using shovels, buckets, and pumps have dug a 120 by 120 centimeter hole down about 5/8 meters in the backyard of one of the houses the

construction crew has been sifting the sand much like 19th century prospectors.

Sunday, they turned up eight more gold nuggets. Some of the nuggets found are as large as 7.6 centimeters in diameter; others are twisted and bent as if from smelting. One has the faint marking of a Roman numeral.

The Peppers say a local jeweler valued the nuggets at 12 and 14 carats. With gold selling for about \$300 an ounce, the Peppers estimate their find is worth at least \$10,000.

The brothers have promised the local construction workers one-third the take. Foreman Steve Stevens admitted the gold made his crew "a bit crazy."

Peppers bought in 1977. Using kitchen utensils, the

peppers bought in 1977. Using kitchen utensils,